2026 SCJF Dec. MS Congress Docket

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A Bill to Implement a National Civil Service Taxi Driver System

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

Section 1 The United States shall establish a national system of civil service taxi drivers. Civil service taxi drivers shall serve as a form of public transit and shall be paid for by the United States government.

Section 2 Civil service taxi drivers shall be defined as taxi drivers who operate a government-issued car and are paid by the federal government to transport passengers for a fare.

Section 3 The United States Department of Transportation (DOT) shall oversee the implementation of this bill. A. The DOT shall be responsible for hiring drivers, supplying vehicles, and paying driver salaries. B. The DOT shall be allocated $50 billion to implement this bill. The DOT shall also keep all fares collected by civil service taxi drivers, and Congress shall provide additional funding if needed to cover the cost of running the system.

Section 4 This bill will take effect on January 1, 2029.

Section 5 All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Kudos

A Bill to License Asteroid Mining and Share Its Benefits

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

Section 1 Any United States company that wants to mine an asteroid, the Moon, or any other object in space must first receive a Space Mining License from the United States government. Each licensed company must pay 5 percent of the money it makes from selling space resources into a Space Resource Sharing Fund. The Fund will pay for space science, education, and space programs in countries that cannot afford their own.

Section 2 A. A “space resource” is any non-living material found in space, such as water, metals, or minerals. B. “Mining” means removing space resources from an asteroid, the Moon, or any other object in space. C. A “United States company” is any business started in the United States, incorporated in the United States, or mostly owned by United States citizens.

Section 3 The Office of Space Commerce in the Department of Commerce will issue licenses and collect payments. The Department of State will decide how the Fund’s money is shared. A company that mines in space without a license will be fined up to $10 million and will not be allowed to sell the resources it mined.

Section 4 This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2029.

Section 5 All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Kudos

A Resolution to Recognize a Right to Encryption

WHEREAS, Millions of Americans use encrypted technology to protect private communications, financial information, and personal data; and

WHEREAS, Law enforcement agencies sometimes seek access to encrypted devices while investigating serious crimes and threats to national security; and

WHEREAS, Requiring companies to provide government access could weaken security protections for innocent users; and

WHEREAS, Preventing government access could also allow criminals to conceal important evidence behind encryption; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the Congress here assembled recognize a legal right to use strong encryption and prohibit the federal government from requiring technology companies to create special methods of accessing encrypted communications.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by NOF

A Bill to Ban the Importation of Palm Oil

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

Section 1 The importation of palm oil, and its use in consumer products, shall be gradually banned in the United States. Beginning on the effective date, each ship transporting palm oil to the United States shall be limited to 25,000 metric tons of palm oil. This limit shall be reduced by 50 percent each year for the following five years, after which palm oil shall be fully banned.

Section 2 Palm oil shall be defined as a plant oil extracted from the pulp or seed of the fruit of oil palm trees.

Section 3 United States Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall oversee the ban on the importation of palm oil. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) shall oversee the ban on palm oil in consumer products. After 2032, importing palm oil or using it in consumer or company products is prohibited, and each violation will result in a $25,000 fine.

Section 4 This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027.

Section 5 All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Kudos

A Bill to Tax Automated Labor

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

Section 1 Corporations that replace human employees with automated systems shall pay a federal automation tax equal to 20% of the wages previously paid for those positions.

Section 2 Automated systems include robotics and artificial intelligence technologies that perform work previously completed by paid employees.

Section 3 The Internal Revenue Service will administer this tax. Revenue collected will fund workforce retraining and unemployment assistance.

Section 4 This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2028.

Section 5 All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by NOF